

合肥大學

HEFEI UNIVERSITY



Programming with Python Getting Started

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Programming with Python



This is a course on programming with the Python language at Hefei University (合肥 大学).

The website with the teaching material of this course is https://thomasweise.github.io/programmingWithPython (see also the QR-code at the bottom right). There, you can find the course book and these slides. The repository with the example Python programs can be found at https://github.com/thomasWeise/programmingWithPythonCode.

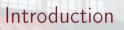


Outline

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Installing Python
- 3. Installing PyCharm
- 4. Our First Program
- 5. Python in the Terminal
- 6. Obtaining the Examples
- 7. Summary







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- Indeed, we provide a big load of example programs in this course, based on which we will discuss the different aspects of Python programming.
- So, finally, we will also check how you can download these example programs.

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- I will provide examples and instructions for both Ubuntu and Microsoft Windows².



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- We here provide some brief setup instructions.
- More help can be found at the following resources:
 - 1. the official Python setup and usage page https://docs.python.org/3/using⁶,
 - 2. the Python Downloads at https://www.python.org/downloads, and
 - 3. the Python 3 Installation & Setup Guide

at https://realpython.com/installing-python

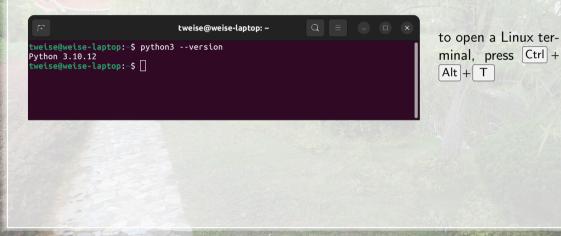


Installing Python under Ubuntu Linux

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Installing Python under Ubuntu Linux

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• Under Windows, Python might not be installed by default.

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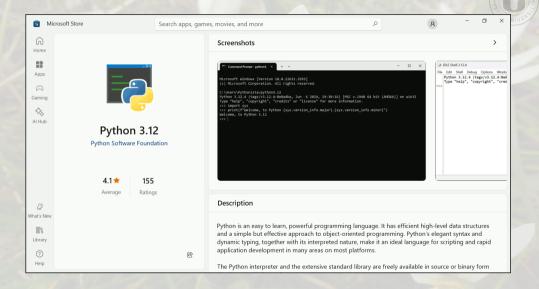
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(j) What's New	Get 4.1★ 155 Average Ratings	s	Description						
Library ⑦ Help		ß	Python is an easy to learn, powerful programming language. It has efficient high-level data structures and a simple but effective approach to object-oriented programming. Python's elegant syntax and dynamic typing, together with its interpreted nature, make it an ideal language for scripting and rapid application development in many areas on most platforms. The Python interpreter and the extensive standard library are freely available in source or binary form						





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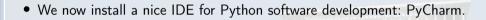
C:\Users\tweise>python3 --version Python 3.12.4

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- We now install a nice IDE for Python software development: PyCharm.
- Its community edition is freely available.



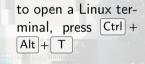
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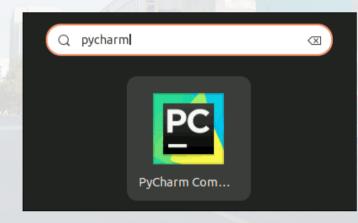
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Download snap "pycharm-community" (388) from channel "stable"

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tweise@weise-laptop:~\$ sudo snap install pycharm-community --classic
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pycharm-community 2024.1.3 from jetbrains√ installed
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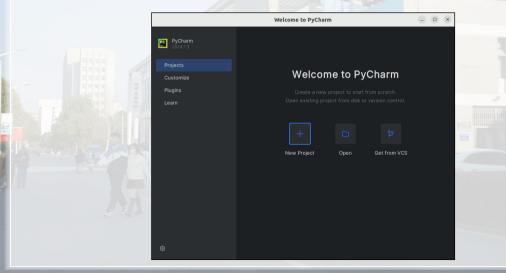


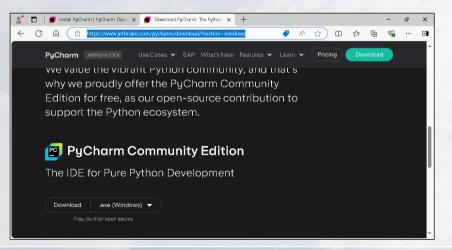
Open the launcher by pressing **and** type in pycharm

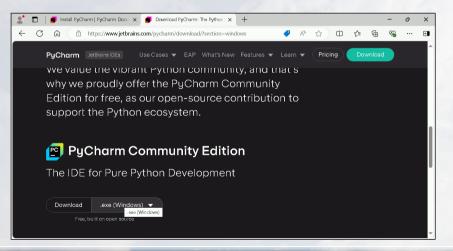
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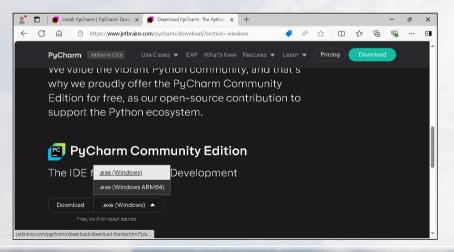


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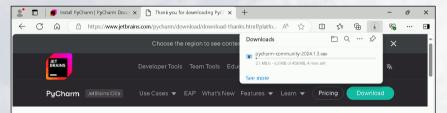








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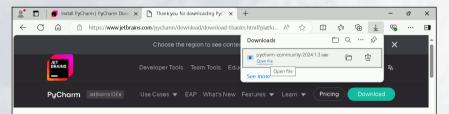


Thank you for downloading PyCharm!

Your download should start shortly. If it doesn't, please use the direct link.

Download and verify the file SHA-256 checksum.

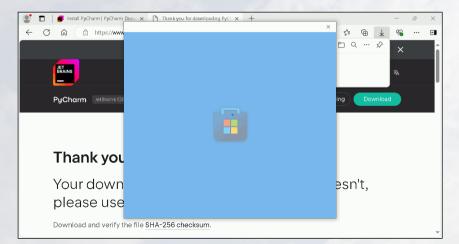
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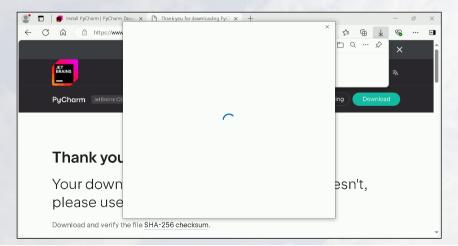


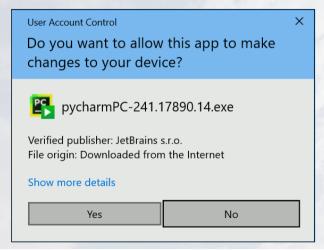
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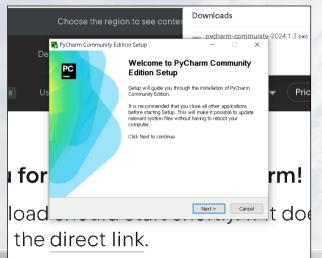
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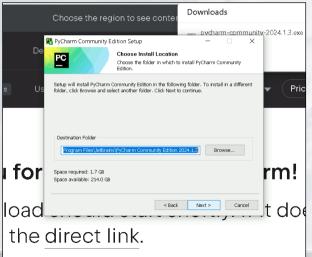
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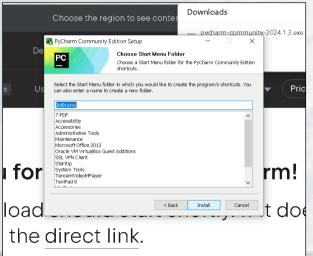


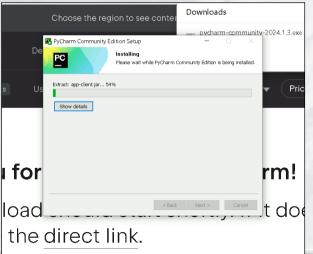


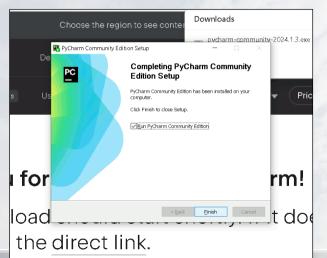


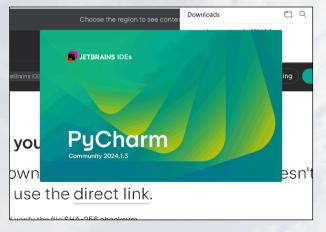


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PyCharm User Agreement

(https://ec.europa.eu/consumers/odr/).

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Opportunity to review — You declare that you have had sufficient opportunity to review these terms, understand the content of all of its clauses, negotiate its terms, and seek independent professional legal advice in that respect before entering into it. Consequently, any statutory "form contract" ("adhesion contract") regulations shall not be applicable to these terms.

I confirm that I have read and accept the terms of this User Agreement

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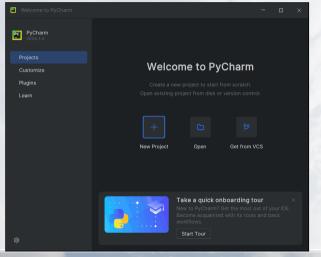
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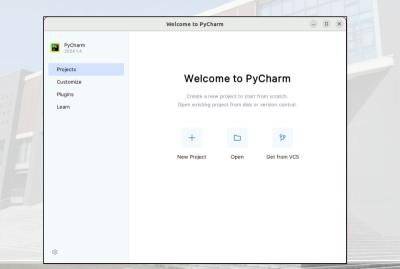
Our First Program



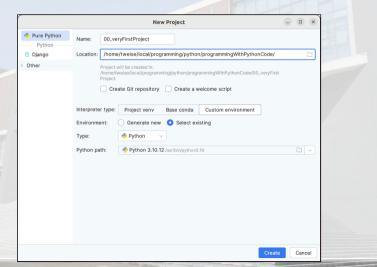
• Let's create a program in PyCharm.



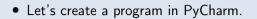
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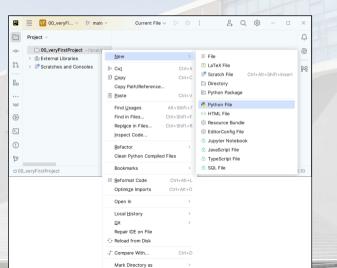






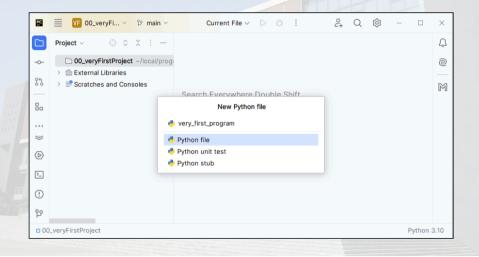


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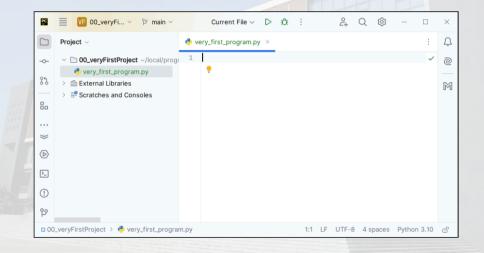




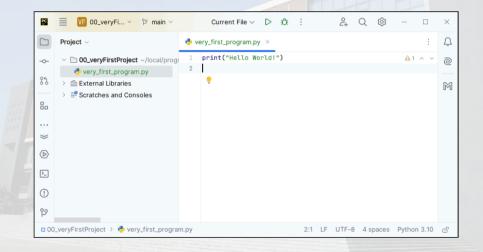


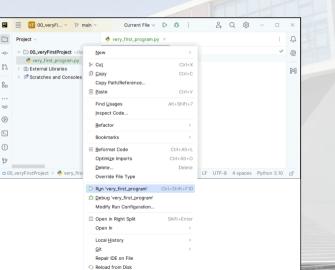






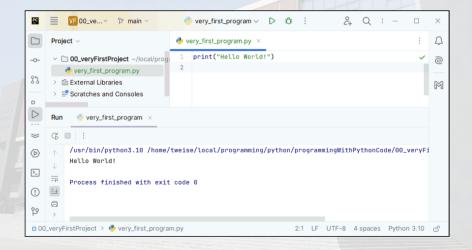














Python in the Terminal

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 - 1. We can enter the program into a Python file in the PyCharm IDE and then run it from there.
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 - 4. We can use the Python console inside a terminal. We can then enter separate Python instructions and run them there.
- We already did option 1., now let's try the others.

Open a terminal by pressing Ctrl+Alt+T under Ubuntu Linux; under Windows press
 R, type in cmd, and hit 4.

• Open a terminal by pressing Ctrl+Alt+ T under Ubuntu Linux; under Windows press



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tweise@weise-laptop: ~/local/programming/python/programmingWithPythonCode/00_veryFirstProject



tweise@weise-laptop:-\$ cd local/programming/python/programmingWithPythonCode/00_veryFirstProject/ tweise@weise-laptop:-/local/programming/python/programmingWithPythonCode/00_veryFirstProject\$ python3 very_first_program.py Hello World! tweise@weise-laptop:-/local/programming/python/programmingWithPythonCode/00_veryFirstProject\$



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• Open a terminal by pressing Ctrl+Alt+T under Ubuntu Linux; under Windows press

```
print("Hello World!")
```

 \downarrow python3 veryFirstProject.py \downarrow

Hello World!

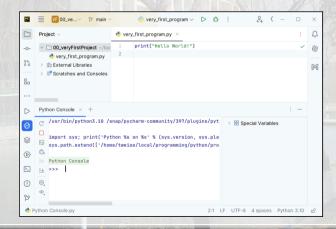
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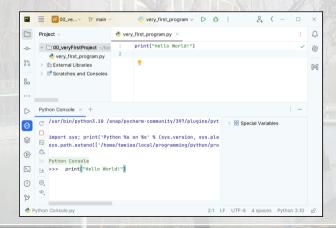
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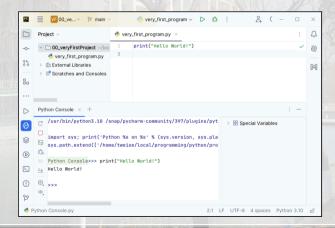
- We can also directly enter programs into the PyCharm Python console (press 🕝) and execute them step-by-step.
- This does not make sense if we want to reuse our programs later.



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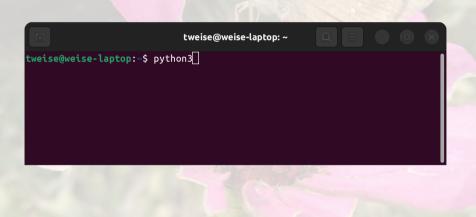


• ... or we can open a Python console in a terminal.



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tweise@weise-laptop: ~

tweise@weise-laptop: \$ python3
Python 3.10.12 (main, Nov 20 2023, 15:14:05) [GCC 11.4.0] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>> []

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Hello World!
>>> exit()]

Entering Commands in the Python Console in a Terminal

• ... or we can open a Python console in a terminal.



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Python 3.10.12 (main, Nov 20 2023, 15:14:05) [GCC 11.4.0] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>> print("Hello World!")
Hello World!
>>> exit()
tweise@weise-laptop:-\$ []

Ways to Execute a Python Program



- There are at least four ways to run a Python program:
 - 1. We can enter the program into a Python file in the PyCharm IDE and then run it from there.
 - 2. We can write the program in a normal text editor and store it in a file pgogramName.py. Then we can open a terminal, enter the directory, and type python3 programName.py and
 - hit Enter. This executes the program in the terminal.
 - 3. We can open the Python interpreter console in PyCharm and enter and execute our code line-by-line.
 - 4. We can use the Python console inside a terminal. We can then enter separate Python instructions and run them there.

Best Practice The only proper way to run a Python application in a productive scenario is in the terminal.

Obtaining the Examples



Downloading the Examples

• This course is practice-centered, so it comes with lots of examples.

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- You can download them from https://github.com/thomasWeise/ programmingWithPythonCode/archive/refs/heads/main.zip.

Downloading the Examples

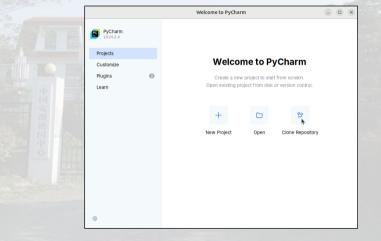
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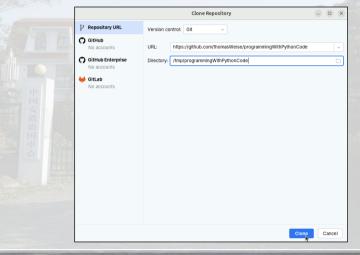


• You can also clone the repository https://github.com/thomasWeise/programmingWithPythonCode in PyCharm.

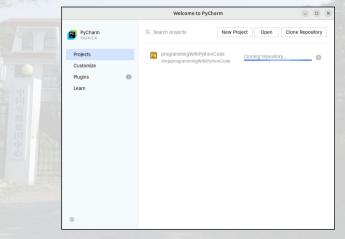
• You can also clone the repository



• You can also clone the repository



• You can also clone the repository



• You can also clone the repository

https://github.com/thomasWeise/programmingWithPythonCode in PyCharm.

A

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Trust and Open Project 'programmingWithPythonCode'?

PyCharm 2024.2.4 provides features that may execute potentially malicious code from this folder.

If you don't trust the source, preview the project in the safe mode to only browse its code.

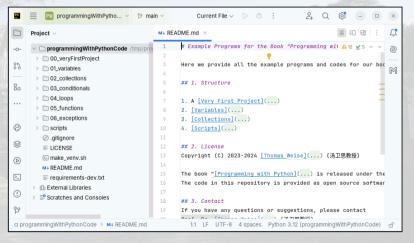
Trust projects in /tmp



Preview in Safe Mode

Don't Open

• You can also clone the repository



Summary







• The optimization algorithms we consider in this lecture are randomized.

谢谢您门 Thank you



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